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BEFORE THE INSURANCE COMMISSIONER OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON

In the Matter of the Application regarding the Conversion and Acquisition of Control of Premera Blue Cross and its Affiliates, Docket No. G02-45

PREFILED TESTIMONY OF MICHELE BROWN

1. My name is Michele Brown. I am President of the United Way of Anchorage, an Intervenor in this action. I have been the President and Chief Executive Officer of the United Way of Anchorage since May 2003. My job duties include policy and financial management of the organization with the specific goal of addressing major health and human services problems. Prior to joining the United Way of Anchorage, I served as the Commissioner of the Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation for seven years. I received my A.B. from the University of California Berkeley and my J.D. from the University of California Davis.

- 2. The United Way of Anchorage works with 50 partner agencies in the United Way of Anchorage Network of Care to strengthen, develop, and fund agencies, coalitions, and programs that, among other things, promote wellness and self-sufficiency, and support health initiatives on behalf of the residents of Alaska. United Way of Anchorage also funds initiatives and programs for non-partner agencies that relate to the healthcare delivery system in Anchorage.
- 3. United Way of Anchorage also collects and disburses funds to Alaska agencies and programs that provide direct and indirect healthcare related services to Alaskans. In 2002, the United Way of Anchorage disbursed over \$2 million in such funds.
- 4. One of the United Way of Anchorage's missions is to act as a community builder, bringing together people, expertise, and resources to focus on community solutions. United Way of Anchorage currently acts as a convener and a fiduciary agent for the Anchorage Access to Health Care Coalition, a community coalition to provide primary and special care to low income families. The Coalition formed after the Anchorage Healthy Future project determined in 1997 that one of its objectives was to "ensure that each person in Anchorage has access to the ability to pay for basic curative and preventive services." The coalition has focused on the medically underserved who are primarily those without health insurance. At least 26,000 Anchorage adults have no health plan. Among the uninsured in Anchorage, 71% are employed but are either not offered health insurance or cannot afford to pay his or her portion of the monthly premium for either employer provided or private insurance. Research data indicates that people without insurance do not get preventive or curative medical attention until there is

a medical crisis. This problem will likely be exacerbated if the costs of health insurance increase.

- 5. A community assessment recently conducted by United Way of Anchorage and several other community partners revealed that affordable healthcare is a critical community concern and one of the top priorities for residents of Anchorage in all neighborhoods and across all demographics. In fact, in a household survey of 350 Anchorage households, four of the top five ranked household challenges related to healthcare affordability and access. In accord with its mission, the United Way of Anchorage likely would seek to partner with the Alaska healthcare organization (that is expected to be created as a result of the conversion), to systematically address the gaps in Alaska's healthcare delivery system and develop ways to fill those gaps.
- 6. Premera has proposed that a charitable organization be established to receive the portion of its assets that accounts for its Alaska business. The United Way of Anchorage has worked collaboratively with many other community members concerned with health care issues in Alaska to establish a charitable organization that we believe will benefit Alaskans and serve to offset any negative impact that Premera's conversion to a for-profit status may have. Specifically, the United Way of Anchorage acted as a convenor of this community group. We believe that the proposed organization that we have helped developed is better suited to receive Premera's assets and will better serve the community for several reasons. The provision of health services in Anchorage is shared among government, the nonprofit sector, and the private sector. Each plays a critical and interconnected role. Maintaining the stability of that interconnected infrastructure requires

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collaborative management of change in any of the sectors. Therefore, it is important that the Foundation be responsive to many interests and respect the diversity that the services infrastructure serves. It must be accountable to those constituencies while also looking at the bigger community wide issues. To do so, it needs to be perceived and in fact be independent from any particular interest such as government or Premera, and it must be responsive and accountable to the public.

- 7. Many of the United Way of Anchorage's partners will benefit from the creation of an independent healthcare charitable organization because they likely will be eligible to receive grants from this organization which, combined with the funds they receive from the United Way of Anchorage, will allow them to continue or improve their current level of healthcare related services. If these agencies receive funds from the Alaska charitable organization to support their healthcare related activities, more of the United Way of Anchorage's resources will be freed up, allowing it to focus on its other funding missions; such as working with healthcare providers on initiatives to provide access to adequate healthcare.
- 8. For a charitable organization to be most beneficial to Alaska it should be independent, fully funded, and accountable to the public it is dedicated to benefit. There are several structural and governance issues associated with Premera's proposed Alaska Health Foundation that lead me to believe that it will not be the most beneficial structure for Alaska. For instance, due to the many restrictions associated with the stock that the Alaska Health Foundation will receive, the Foundation will not be fully independent from Premera. In addition, the foundation lacks sufficient public accountability. For example, the Board of

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Directors will initially be appointed by the Alaska Attorney General's office without any requirement that the Attorney General seek input from the community regarding qualified nominees for Board positions. Additionally, the Board of Directors is not required to seek input from the community, such as a community advisory group regarding future Board member selections or in the carrying out of the foundation's mission. Furthermore, the foundation is prohibited from amending its incorporation documents without approval from the Attorney General's office.

9. I understand that the Reden & Anders, Ltd and Signal Hill Capital consultants have determined that Alaska's share of Premera's non-profit assets is anywhere from 24% - 29.6%. (See Reden & Anders, Ltd., Report to the Insurance Director, Allocation of Premera Stock Value, dated February 23, 2004; Signal Hill Capital, Supplemental Report on Proposed Conversion of Premera Blue Cross, dated February 27, 2004). I also understand that the experts retained by the Washington Office of Insurance Commissioner disagree on how much Alaska should receive. I am not in a position to affix a specific number for Alaska's share, but I believe that Alaska should gets is fair share of these assets. If the full value of Premera's charitable assets that represent its business in Alaska is not realized for the benefit of Alaskan residents and Premera's rates increase or its coverage decreases, the value of the United Way of Anchorage's disbursement funds will be diminished. For example, if Premera's coverage decreases, the United Way of Anchorage's partner agencies likely will need more funds to continue the level of healthcare service they currently provide. As a result, the United Way of Anchorage likely will see an increase in the number of requests for

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funds from these agencies (as well as other community members). If the United Way of Anchorage is tapped for more funds, it may be placed in the unfortunate position of having to decide whether to decrease funding from other critical areas to maintain the value of funding it provides for healthcare related activities.

- 10. United Way of Anchorage's interests are in ensuring health care provision to Anchorage residents. This encompasses access to services and insurance rates as they pertain to increasing or reducing the number of individuals who can receive medical care. Based upon those interests, United Way would take no position on the business aspects of the proposed conversion. However, if the conversion were to take place, the composition, mission, and independence of the Foundation and the allocation of proceeds to Alaska are critical factors in whether there are impacts to Alaskans and whether those impacts can be mitigated successfully. If Alaska does not receive its fair share of the proceeds, and if the Foundation is not properly established to mitigate potential impacts, then the conversion would not be in the best interests of Alaskans.
- 11. I may have additional comments as more information becomes available to me.

I declare under penalty of perjury of the laws of the State of Alaska that the foregoing is true and correct.

/s/

Michele Brown